# REGIONAL HOTSPOTS FOR CLIMATE CHANGE

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There are many many such climate hotspots around the world. We are highlighting California in this bulletin.

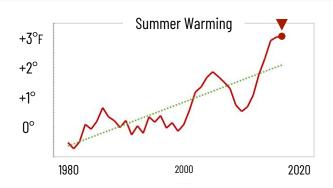
Drying hotspots include: Amazon, Australia, California, Eastern China, Mediterranean, Middle East and South Africa



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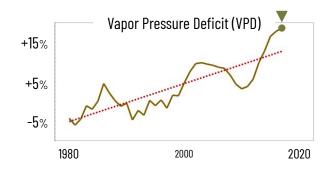
### Y HOTTER SUMMERS

Summer in Northern California is now hotter by more than 3°F compared with early 1980s<sup>1</sup>.



#### **Y** DRIER SUMMERS

One measure of drying is vapor pressure deficit (VPD), which is the missing water vapor in the air. Since 1980, VPD increased by nearly 20%<sup>1</sup>. Wildfires increase exponentially with VPD<sup>2</sup>.



Multi decadal drying

#### Y MEGA-DROUGHTS

All of California, along with most of the US southwest and northwest, has been in a severe drying trend during the last four decades<sup>3</sup>. Drying is due to the simultaneous decrease in precipitation (P) and increase in VPD<sup>1</sup>. VPD increases exponentially with warming. The map shows the percent change in P minus the percent change in VPD.

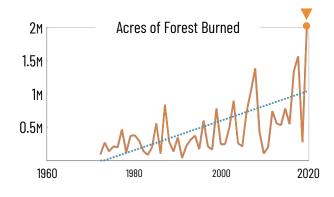
(1980 to 2020)

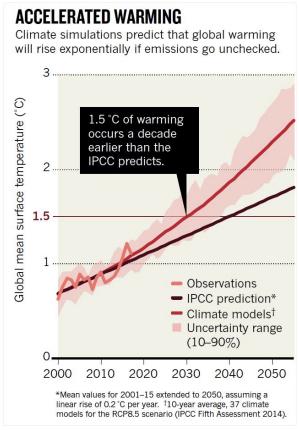
-40
-30
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-10
-20
-30
-40

### Y WORSENING FIRE SEASON

The annual area burned per decade has increased fourfold since the 1970s<sup>2,4</sup>. Roughly a third of California's forests burned in the current decade. The direct and indirect cost of the record breaking 2018 fires was \$150 billion; the 2018 record was broken by the 2020 fires<sup>5</sup>. Smoke from fires causes severe air pollution leading to premature deaths and illnesses<sup>6</sup>. In addition, people directly exposed to fires suffer from severe intensification of major depressive disorder, PTSD and anxiety disorder<sup>7</sup>.

Global mean heating of the planet, which was 1.8 F (1C) as of 2015 is projected to increase by 50% to 2.7 F (1.5C) by 2030<sup>8</sup>. When that happens, climate change is likely to move into everyone's living room like COVID.





Graph reproduced from Xu, Victor and Ramanathan, 2018



# There is still time!

## **Building Climate Resilience**

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- Prepare for a further worsening of extremes by at least 50%
- Develop a 10-year climate resilience plan
- Protect all vulnerable people from heat waves, wildfires and smoke pollution
- Pay attention to public health, including mental health effects
- Agriculture industry to shift away from thirsty crops
- Start a statewide Climate Education for All program

## Bending the Warming Curve



- Fossil-free power generation by 2030
- Bend the methane emissions curve by 2025
- Carbon-free and soot-free transportation by 2035
- Retrain, and relocate, displaced fossil fuel workers
- California should lead and inspire followers in other states

#### <u>References</u>

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